## TILAK MAHARASHTRA VIDYAPEETH, PUNE

## BACHELOR OF LAWS (LL.B.) (Three Years Semester Pattern)/ B.A. LL.B. (ACADEMIC LAW)

# (FIVE YEARS SEMESTER PATTERN) CREDIT SYSTEM EXAMINATION: DECEMBER - 2022

SECOND/SIXTH SEMESTER

**Sub.: Law of Contract – II (LW-202/LW 18-6001)** 

Date: 20/12/2022 Total Marks: 60 Time: 10.00 am to 12.30 pm

**Instructions:** 

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figure indicate to the right full marks.

### Q. 1. Answer the following question.

**(15)** 

A) Define Bailment and discuss the essential element of a contract of Bailment. Explain the various rights and duties of Bailor and Bailee.

OR

B) Explain in detail Bill of Exchange under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

#### Q. 2. Answer the following question.

(15)

A) Explain the essential elements of a Partnership. State the rights and duties of partners against each other.

OR

B) Explain the rule of, "Caveat Emptor" and exceptions thereto as provided under the Sale of Goods Act, 1930.

### Q. 3. Write Short Notes. (any four)

(20)

- a) Condition and Warranty as per Sale of Goods Act, 1930.
- b) Cheque and its types.
- c) Indemnity under Indian Contract Act, 1872.
- d) Explain the law about incoming and outgoing partner.
- e) Pledge as provided under Indian Contract Act, 1872
- f) Nemo dat Quod Non Habet

### Q. 4. Answer the following questions.

**(10)** 

A) A signs as acceptor, a bill bearing a stamp with the amount left blank. The amount of Rs. 100 in the margin is fraudulently altered to Rs. 1,000/- and the bill is, in words, filled in for a thousand rupees. The bill gets in the hand of H, a holder in due course. Can he recover this amount.

OR

B) X owes Y Rs.500, sells Rs.1,000/- worth of rice to Y.X is acting as agent for Z in the transaction but Y has no knowledge nor reasonable groundof suspicion that such is the case.Z, the principal sues Y for the price of the rice. Y claims to set off X's debt.Examine the nature of Z's claim.