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BACHELOR OF COMMERCE (B.COM.)

EXAMINATION:- MAY 2022

SECOND/THIRD SEMESTER

Subject: Business Economic (Macro) (BCOM19-204/BCC - 302)

Date: 26/05/2022

Total marks: 60

Time: 10.00 am to 12.30 pm

Instructions: 1) Attempt all Questions
2) Figures to the right indicate full marks

Q. 1) Answer the multiple Choice questions. (Any 10) (10)

1. Request made by the central bank to commercial bank is called -----.

a) Moral suasion	b) Deposited request
c) Notice	d) Tender
2. Output of all goods and services is called country's -----.

a) Real Income	b) National Income
c) Income	d) None of these
3. Cash balance approach is also known as ----- approach.

a) Cambridge	b) Balance of payment
c) Demand & supply	d) None of these
4. ----- refers to purchasing power of money.

a) Value of money	b) Assets
b) Money	d) Property
5. ----- is a medium of exchange.

a) Money	b) Capital
c) Gold	d) None of these
6. General Price level theory is studied in the ----- economics.

a) Micro	b) Macro
c) International trade	d) None of these
7. Trade between two or more countries is known as -----.

a) National trade	b) Balance of payments
c) International trade	d) None of these
8. Macro economics is the study of ----- economy.

a) whole	b) part of
b) agriculture sector of	c) none of these
9. ----- and ----- economics are interdependent.

a) Micro, Macro	b) Demand ,Supply
c) Price ,Demand	d) None of these
10. External debts are also part of a country's total -----.

a) Public debt	b) Private debt
b) Government debt	d) None of these
11. Wealth or assets are source of -----.

a) Income	b) Money
c) Expenses	d) Cash
12. ----- relates to the revenue and expenditure of the Government.

a) Public Finance	b) Government Finance
b) Private finance	d) None of these
13. During boom period economy faces ----- pressure.

a) Inflationary	b) Inflation
c) Depression	d) None of these

- Q. 2) Write Short Note (Any 3) (15)**

 1. Cost Push inflation
 2. Circular flow of income
 3. Deflation
 4. Fiscal Policy
 5. Bank rate

Q. 3) Answer the following question in 150 words. (any 2) (20)

 1. What do you mean by recovery?
 2. Explain the income method of calculating national income.
 3. Explain the classical theory of Employment.
 4. Explain the limitation of macro economics.

Q. 4) Answer the following question in 300 words. (any one) (15)

 1. State and explain the significance of Keynes theory.
 2. State and explain the determinants of consumption function.
 3. What do you mean by public debt? What are the sources of public borrowing?

मराठी रूपांतर

सूचना : १) सर्व प्रश्न अनिवार्य
२) उज्जीकड़ील अंक पूर्ण गण दर्शवितात.

प्र. २ टीपा लिहा (कोणतेही ३)

(१४)

१. खर्च प्रेषित महागाई
 २. उत्पन्नाचा चक्रीय प्रवाह
 ३. मंदी
 ४. राजकोष धोरण
 ५. बँक दर

प्र. ३ खालील प्रश्नांची १५० शब्दांत उत्तरे द्या (कोणतेही २)

(२०)

१. पुर्नप्राप्ती म्हणजे काय?
 २. राष्ट्रीय उत्पन्न मोजण्याची उत्पन्न पद्धत स्पष्ट करा.
 ३. अभिजात रोजगार विषयक सिध्दांत स्पष्ट करा.
 ४. समग्रलक्ष्यी अर्थशास्त्राच्या मर्यादा विशद करा.

प्र. ४ खालील प्रश्नांची ३०० शब्दांत उत्तरे द्या (कोणतेही १)

(34)

१. केन्सच्या सिद्धांचे महत्त्व स्पष्ट करा.
 २. उपभोग- कार्य ठरविणारे विविध घटक स्पष्ट करा.
 ३. सार्वजनिक कर्ज म्हणजे काय ? आणि सार्वजनिक कर्जाचे स्रोत काय आहेत ?