Sub.: Financial Accounting (BCOM19-101)

## Date: 06/06/2022

Total Marks: 60
Time: 2.00 pm to $4.30 \mathbf{~ p m}$
Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory. 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
Q. 1 (a) Fill in the blanks (Any 5)

1. $\qquad$ Expenditure is non-recurring in nature
a) Capital
b) Trading
c) Revenue
d) None of these
2. $\qquad$ $=$ Liabilities + Capital
a) Asset
b) Ledger
c) Liabilities
d) Cash
3. Depreciation should be considered as
a) Expenditure
b) Fixed
c) Income
d) Original
4. ------- have fast operating capacity.
a) Manual
b) Computers
c) Tools
d) None
5. -------- recorded the daily transaction of a business in order of their occurrence.
a) Journal
b) Debit
c) Ledger
d) Credit
6. Notional Loss Method is known as $\qquad$
a) Surplus capital method
b) None
c) Double entry method
d) Maximum loss
7. Debit the -------- credit the giver
a) Receiver
b) Owner
c) All the above
d) None

## Q. 1 (b) State whether the following statement are true or false (any 5)

1. Surplus Capital method is also known as national loss method.
2. As 1 stands for cash flow statement.
3. Accounting is considered as the language of business.
4. Personal account says debit what comes in, and credit what goes out.
5. Revenue Expenditure is Non- recurring in nature.
6. Capital is the amount invested by the proprietors into business.
7. Profit and loss account deals with direct income and direct expenses
Q. 2 a) AB and $C$ were in partnership sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 2:1:1.The following was their Balance sheet as on $31^{\text {st }}$ December 2017

Balance sheet as on 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ December 2017

| Liabilities | Amt | Asset | Amt |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Capital: A | 38,000 | Machinery | 50,000 |
| B | 39,000 |  |  |
| C | 29,000 |  | 40,000 |
| Current Profit | 4,000 | Furniture | 30,000 |
| Creditors | 15,000 | Motor Car | 20,000 |
| Property Tax | 4,000 | Debtors | 15,000 |
| C's loan | 11,000 | Bills receivable | 9,000 |
| Bank loan <br> (Machinery mortgaged as <br> security for loan) | 30,000 | Cash |  |
|  |  |  | 6,000 |
| Total |  | Stock | $\mathbf{1 , 7 0 , 0 0 0}$ |

The first was dissolved and it was agreed that the net realization should be distributed in their disorder at end of each calendar month.
Machinery was disposed after by the Bank and they could recover Rs 25,000 only Mr. C has paid Rs 3,000 immediately for repairing motor car to get reasonable return from the sales of that motor car.
The gradual realization were as follows

| Date 2018 | Amount Realized |
| :--- | ---: |
| January | 12,000 |
| February | 15,000 |
| March | 10,000 |
| April | 30,000 |
| May | 35,000 |

Prepare a statement showing distribution of cash as per surplus capital method.

## OR

Q. 2 b) On 1st January 2017 'Aman' ltd purchased an Asset of Rs 50,000/- and decided to depreciate it by Annuity method. In four years by charging interest @ $6 \%$ p.a. A reference to the annuity table shows. That to depreciate Rs 1 by Annuity method. in 4 yrs @ $6 \%$ interest a sum of Re. O. 288591 is required.

Prepare Assets A/c depreciation A/c and Interest A/c for 4 yrs.
Calculation are to be made in the nearest rupee
Q. 3 a) 'Anita', 'Neeta' and 'Kiran' were in partnership sharing profit and losses in the ratio 5:3:2 on

December 2016 their Balance sheet was as follows.

| Liabilities | Amt | Asset | Amt |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Capital: Anita <br> Neeta <br> kiran | 70,000 | Land | $1,90,000$ |
| General Reserve | 57,000 |  |  |
| Bank loan (secured) | 13,000 |  |  |
| Creditors | 5,000 | Furniture | 10,000 |
| Ms. M's loan | $1,02,000$ | Goodwill | Book Debts |

[^0]Q. 3 b) Write short notes. (Any 2)

1. Personal Account
2. Journal
3. Dissolution
4. Tally
Q. 4 a) From the following particulars prepare Crop $A / c$ to as certain the gross margin made by this division of the from.

| Particular |  | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Opening Stock |  |  |
| Grain | 6,000 |  |
| Seeds | 4,000 | 10,000 |
| Purchase |  |  |
| Seeds | 1,000 |  |
| Fertilizer | 3,000 | 4,000 |
| Sales of Grains |  | 30,000 |
| Grain distributed as wages |  | 4,000 |
| Wages paid in cash |  | 6,000 |
| Grain consumed by the proprietor |  | 4,000 |
| Grain consumed by the lives to be section |  | 3,000 |
| Repairs |  | 2,400 |
| Depreciation |  | 600 |
| Crop Insurance |  | 1,000 |
| Closing stock: |  |  |
| Grain | 12,000 | 18,000 |
| Seeds | 6,000 |  |

OR
Q. 4 b) Draft Balance -Sheet in detail.


[^0]:    You are required to prepare a excess Capital Statement.

