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MASTER OF COMMERCE (M.COM.)

EXAMINATION : MAY - 2023

SECOND SEMESTER

Sub: Monetary Policy (MCB-212)

Date: 25/05/2023		Total marks: 100	Time: 10.00 am to 1.00 pm		
Ins	struction: All questions are compu	lsory.			
Q. 1	Answer the following question	ns. (Attempt any three)	(30)		
1.	State the quantitative instrumen effectiveness.	ts of monetary policy with	n its mechanism and		
2.	Explain in detail-Rehabilitation of	cplain in detail-Rehabilitation of Sick Industrial Units.			
3.	Explain in detail the importance	of monetary policy.			
4.	What is the role of RBI in expor	rt credit refinance?			
5.	Explain in detail objectives of Mor	netary policy.			
Q. 2 1.	Answer the following questions. (Attempt any three) State the concept of high powered money.				
2.	What are the recommendations of the Chakravarty committee report on the working of Indian Monetary system?				
3. 4.	Explain the concept of Exchange Rate stability. State the characteristics, mechanism and effectiveness of Open Market Operations.				
5.	Describe post-shipment finance in detail.				
Q. 3	Write short notes. (Attempt any four)				
1.	Role of Regional Rural Banks				
2.	Functions of EXIM Bank				
3. 4.	Factors affecting Monetary poli Money Supply and price stability	•			
5.	Measures to promote Export.	ıy			
6.	Bridge Loans				
Q.4 A	Answer in one Sentence (Any	5)	(10)		
1.	What is the main motto of Moneta	ry Policy?			
2.	State the full form of CRR.				
3.	What is the aim of Quantitative mo	ethod?			
4.	Write the full form of HDFC.				
5.	What is the full form of SLR?	0 1140			
6. 7.	How does the RBI control the volume of credit? Write the full form of OMO?				
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Q.4 B	Select the correct Alternatives (Attempt any Ten)				
1.	Bridge loans were sanctioned in RBI	the year aft	er certain restriction from		
	a) 1997	b) 1999			
	c) 1995	d) 1996			

2.	Small road transport scheme was introduced by		_ for financing transport	
	system for non-farm sectors. a) RRB	b) SBI		
	c) NABARD	d) RBI		
3.	Bridge loans are kind of loans	u) IEI		
	a) credit	b) long term		
	c) medium	d) short term		
4.	CRR means			
	a) Cash Repo Rate	b) Cash Reserv	ve Ratio	
	c) Credit Report Rate	d) Credit Reser	ve Rate	
5.	and are the objectives of monetary policy.			
	a) price stability and credit control	b) poverty and	national income	
	c) demand and market stability	d) price stabilit	y and poverty	
6.	Money supply acts as a circulating	·		
	a) medium of exchange	b) value of mor	ney	
	c) market	d) demand and	supply	
7.	SFC means			
	a) State Finance Corporation	b) State Fixed (Company	
	c) Statutory Finance Corporation	d) State Finance	e Company	
8. Government uses policy for controlling the money supply in the			supply in the country.	
	a) monetary	b) budget		
	c) fiscal	d) economic		
9.	Term lending loans are given for a long p	period ranging from	m	
	a) 1 to 10 years	b) 10 to 15 year	rs	
	c) 1 to 5 years	d) 5 to 10 years	3	
10.	EDF means			
	a) Export Development Finance	b) Economic D	evelopment Finance	
11.	c.) Economic Development Fund regulates credit supply according	d) Export Deve g to the needs o tra	<u>-</u>	
	a) Central bank of India	b) State Bank o	f India	
	c) Bank of India	d) ICICI		
12.	is granted to clients for making payment to suppliers for acquiring			
	goods to be exported.			
	a) packing credit loan	b) post shipmer	nt credit	
	c) bank overdraft	d) long term loa	an	