TILAK MAHARASHTRA VIDYAPEETH, PUNE

MASTER OF COMMERCE (M.COM.)

EXAMINATION: MAY-2023

THIRD SEMESTER

Sub: Corporate Banking (MCB-311)

Date: 30/ 05/2023			Total Marks :100	Time: 02.00 pm to 05.00	pm	
Instruc	ctions:	_	ons are compulsory. the right indicate full marks.			
Q.1	Answer the	e following quest	ions. (Attempt any two)		(30)	
1.	Explain the terms Merger or Amalgamation. What are different types of Mergers or Amalgamations?					
2.	What are the different types of fund based and non fund based working capital facilities provided by banks? Explain.					
3.	What is Factoring and forfeiting? Explain the difference between them.					
4.	Explain various measures of Liquidity.					
Q.2	Answer the following. (Attempt any three)					
1.	State and explain the steps involved in Project Appraisal.					
2.	What is Factoring and forfeiting? Explain the difference between them.					
3.	Explain various measures of Liquidity.					
4.	What is Merger? Explain different types of Mergers.					
5.	Explain different means of Finance					
Q.3	Write short notes. (Attempt any four)				(20)	
1.	RTGS					
2.	SWOT Ana	alysis				
3.	Banker's Guarantee					
4.	Advantages and disadvantages of Import and export bills for collection					
5.	ECS					
6.	Credit Card					
Q.4 A	Answer in One Sentence (Attempt Any Five)					
1.	MICR chequ	ie means				
2.	What do you mean by Net Banking					
3.	Cross Cheque means					
4.	Full form of RTGS					
5.	Full form of	NEFT				
6.	Write two ty	pe of ECS				

7.	Full Form of ATM				
Q.4 B	Select the Correct Alternatives (Attempt Any Ten)				
1.	In SWOT analysis W stands for				
	a) Weakness	c) Wise			
	b) Wide	d) Width			
2.	Customer cheques are at par at all brane	ches of the banks across India			
	a) Payable	c) Made			
	b) Taken	d) Discounted			
3.	NEFT is a wide payment system.				
	a) Nation	c) State			
	b) International	d) District			
4.	Debtors or Receivables Management service any organizations management.	bebtors or Receivables Management services has grown to become a vital of			
	a) Credit, Debit	c) Payable, Across			
	b) Components, Liquidity	d) maintains, follows			
5.	CDR means				
	a. Corporate debt restructuring	b. Cash depository receiver			
	c. Cash demand receipt	d. Corporate demand receipts			
6.	A merger between two entities in unrelated in	ndustries is known as merger.			
	a. Congeneric	b. Conglamerate			
	c. Triangular	d. Vertical			
7.	implies a situation where the comb	pined firm is more valuable than the sum of			
	the individual combining firms.				
	a. Diversification	b. Synergy			
	c. Acquisition	d. Screening			
8.	is a network model that allows random	mness in activity completion times.			
	a) CPM	c) CRM			
	b) PERT	d) None of the above			
9.	An is the purchase of one company	by another company.			
	a) Purchase	c) Sale			
	b) Acquisition	d) Transfer			
10.	There are types of ECS.				
	a) One	c) Three			
	b) Two	d) Four			
1 1	Corporate baking is also known as where banks extend various fund-based,				
11.	non-fund based facilities and ancillary services to large corporate houses.				
	a) Central Banking	c) Commercial Banking			
	b) Wholesale Banking	d) Industrial Banking			
12.	ECS means				

a) Electronic clearing system	c) Electronic cheque services	
b) Electronic cash services	d) Electronic credit services	
