TILAK MAHARASHTRAVIDYAPEETH, PUNE M.SC. IN NUTRITION& FOOD SCIENCE

EXAMINATION: DECEMBER 2023

FIRST SEMESTER

Sub.: Classification of Aahariya Dravya & Clinical Bio-Chemistry (M.Sc. CB-114)

Date	e: 09/12/2023	Гotal marks: 60	Time: 10.00 am to 12.30 pm	
Inst	ructions: 1) All questions are comp	oulsory. 2) Figures to the rig	tht indicate full marks.	
		SECTION A		
Q. 1	Select the correct alternative.		(5)	
	1. On the basis of Vipak categories, elements (Dravya) are classified intotypes.			
	a) 2	b) 3		
	c) 4	d) 6		
	2. Lavan Rasa increases.			
	a) Vata	b) Kapha		
	c) Pitta	d) b & c		
	3. Laghu guna is havingd	ominance.		
	a) Vayu	b) Aakash		
	c) Jala	d) Both a & b		
	4. Karma of Sheeta guna is	·		
	a) Sweating	b) Stiffness		
	c) hardness	d) none		
	5. Bruhan is karma ofRas	a.		
	a) Amla	b) Katu		
	c) Madhur	d) Lavan		
Q. 2	Answer the following questions.	(Any Two)	(10)	
	1. Amla Vipak			
	2. Write functions of Katu Rasa.			
	3. Explain Grahi Karma with the h	elp of their composition, fu	nctions and examples.	
Q. 3	Answer any 1 of the following.		(15)	
	1. Write in detail about any three K	Carma.		
	2. Write in detail about Dravya & i	ts classification.		
		SECTION B		
Q. 1	Select the correct alternative.	<u>SECTION B</u>	(5)	
Ψ. 1	1 contain highest	amount of protein in their	· · ·	
	a) HDL	b) LDL	, a decure.	
	e) VLDL	d) Chylomicro	a	
	,	, •		
	2. The synthesis of ketone bodies of a) Liver	b) Muscle		
		d) Stomach		
	c) Lungs 2 G6PD occurs due to the deficien	*		
	3. G6PD occurs due to the deficient a) Glucose 6 phosphate dehydro		.e	
	c) Phenyl alanine hydroxylase	d) Transketolas		
	c) r nenyi alanine nyuloxyiase	u) Hansketolas	,,	

	4. The amino acid tyrosine is used in the synthesis of			
	a) Dopamine	b) Thyroxine		
	c) Melanin	d) all of the above		
	5. Which among the following is not a BCAA?			
	a) Leucine	b) isoleucine		
	c) lysine	d) valine		
Q. 2	Answer the following questions. (Any One)		(15)	
	1. Explain Gluconeogenesis in detail.			
	1	ir types along with their major functions.		
Q. 3	Write a Short note. (Any two)		(10)	
	1. Maple syrup disease.			
	2. Kreb's cycle.			
	3. Beta-oxidation of fatty acids.			